

Kalpesh Gosalia B.Com., F.C.A. Hitesh Diwan B.Com., F.C.A.

Diwan Gosalia & Associates **Chartered Accountants**

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Independent Auditors' Report To the Members of ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("IND AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Sr.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Existence of inventory: Refer Note 7 "Inventory" to the Standalone Financial Statements. The Company's inventories primarily comprises of jewellery of gold, diamonds, gemstones etc. ("inventory") We have considered existence of inventory to be a key focus area for our audit due to: 1. the high value and nature of inventory involved could lead to a significant risk of loss of inventory 2. inventory being held at various locations across the country and third party job workers.	Tested the operating effectiveness of controls Tested the operating for recording of inward and

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors Report There on

The Company's management & Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors report to be included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's management & Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of



these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
 Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material

uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;



- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act;
- e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, we give our separate Report in "Annexure 2";
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended;
 - Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has paid managerial remuneration during the year, however, as per Section 197 of the Act managerial remuneration is applicable only to public company hence not commented upon.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
 - (i) There is no pending litigation as at March 31, 2023 as result no impact on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii)There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
 - (iv) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds which are material either individually or in the aggregate have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to accounts, no funds which are material either individually or in the aggregate have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



Based on the audit procedures that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- (v) The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and thus sec 123 of Companies Act,2013 is not applicable.
- (vi)Provision to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable with effect from April 1, 2023 to the Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 1 l(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For DIWAN GOSALIA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 111881W

Kalpesh Gosalia

Partner

Membership Number - 113582

Place: Mumbai Date: 12/05/2023

UDIN: 23113582BGVIGV9396

"Annexure 1" to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 we report that:

- (i) In respect to Company's Fixed Assets:
 - a) A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property Plant and Equipment on the basis of available information.
 - B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets on the basis of available information.
 - b) All fixed assets have been physically verified by the management periodically during the year, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets no material discrepancies were noticed by the management on such verification.
 - c) The Company does not own any Immovable Assets. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order in respect of Title Deeds of the Immovable Properties are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - d) The Company has not revalued its Property Plant and Equipment or intangible assets or both and so provisions of paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order in respect of Revaluation of the Property Plant and Equipment are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - e) According to the information and explanation given to us by the company no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder. As provisions of paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order in respect to holding Benami property under the Benami Transactions are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - (ii) In respect to Company's Inventory:
 - a) The inventories except for (stocks held with third parties), were physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion and based on the information and explanations given to us the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. For stocks held with third parties at the year end, written confirmations have been obtained. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories.
 - b) The Company has not sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current asset. Thus provisions of paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order in



respect to this are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investment made and gurantees and securities provided, as applicable
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the Company. Thus reporting under clause of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our verification of the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including sales tax,income tax, custom duty, wealth tax, excise duty, cess, Goods and Service Tax and other statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited with the appropriate authority.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income tax or Sales tax or Service tax or Goods & Service tax or duty of Customs or duty of Excise or Value added taxes which have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes.
- (viii) According to information and explanation given to us, none of the transaction not recorded in books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3[x(a)] of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year. Hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required under Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) 24, Related party Disclosures specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an adequate internal control system which has been commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The Company does not meet the criteria specified for internal audit by the internal auditor as specified in Section 138 of Companies Act 2013. Thus paragraph 3[xiv (b)] of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not enter into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with directors during the year. Accordingly, the paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in two consequtive financial years thus the paragraph 3(xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xviii) During the year, no resignation was received from statutory auditor thus the paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management in respect to financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on 31st March 2023 and the company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date i.e. 31st March 2023 subject to Note 1B of the financial statement.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not exceed the limit as specified under sec 135 of the companies act, Thus paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.



(xxi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, consolidation of the financial statements as per section 129 (3) of Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company, Thus paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon

MUMBAI

For DIWAN GOSALIA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 111881W

Kalpesh Gosalia

Partner/

Membership Number - 113582

Place: Mumbai Date: 12/05/2023

UDIN: 23113582BGVIGV9396

"Annexure 2" to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 we report that:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"):

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ENOVATE LIFESTYLE PRIVATE LIMITED ('the Company') as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For DIWAN GOSALIA AND ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 111881W

Kalpesh Gosalia

Partner/

Membership Number - 113582

Place: Mumbai Date: 12/05/2023

UDIN: 23113582BGVIGV9396



ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED

Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended - 31ST March, 2023

ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74900MH2010PTC211692 BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2023

Particulars	Notes	As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2022
		Rupees	Rupees
ASSETS			- Taper
Non-Current Assets			
Tangible Assets			
Property, Plant & Equipment	2	2,94,81,364	1,75,88,699
Intangible Assets			
Website Development, Digital Content & Website Infomedia	2	2,06,26,477	2,44,93,314
Capital Work in Progress	3	65,16,618	24,10,465
Right of Use Assets	4	4,45,18,754	2
Financial Assets			
Investments	5	4,35,00,000	60,00,000
Other Financial Asset	6	62,16,452	
Referend to a count (cost)		0 74 17 047	1 00 04 704
Deferred tax asset (net) Total Non Current Assets	23	3,74,15,945	1,08,94,596
		18,82,75,610	6,13,87,074
Current Assets Inventories	7	21,69,96,885	17,17,13,942
Financial Assets			2.,1,1,1
Trade Receivables	8	9,73,38,174	7 01 50 543
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	3,89,57,233	7,91,59,543 5,75,08,854
Other Financial Assets	10	18,39,700	24,09,700
***************************************	0.000	18,39,700	24,09,700
Current Tax Asset (Net)	22	60,93,762	49,32,816
Other Current Assets	11	9,50,13,443	6,71,85,629
Total Current Assets		45,62,39,197	38,29,10,484
TOTAL ASSETS		64,45,14,808	44,42,97,558
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Share Capital	12	38,21,300	38,21,300
Other Equity	13	11,36,78,660	19,18,91,702
Total Equity		11,74,99,960	19,57,13,002
LIABILITIES			
Non Current Liabilities			
Financials Liabilities			
Long Term Borrowings	14	29,57,97,431	6,23,21,027
Lease Liabilities	15	3,78,38,079	
Provisions	16	96,42,431	64,51,269
		34,32,77,941	6,87,72,296
Total Non Current Liabilities		46,07,77,902	26,44,85,298
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	17	6,60,75,903	7,09,14,451
Other Financial Liabilities	18	89,31,265	18
Other Current Liabilities	19	10,75,25,573	10,86,70,408
Provisions	20	12,04,165	2,27,401
Current tax liabilities (net)	21	,-,,200	2,27,701
Total Current Liabilities		18,37,36,906	17,98,12,260
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		64,45,14,808	
		07,70,14,000	44,42,97,558

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Tered Account

For DIWAN GOSALIA & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants. Firm Registration No.: 111881W

KALPESH GOSALIA

Partner.
Membership No.113582
Mumbai,
Date:

1 2 MAY 2023

Sanjay Raghuraman Director

DIN: 06539868Date

Rupesh Babulal Director DIN: 05285555 Date



ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74900MH2010PTC211692 STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

Particulars		For	The Quarter Ende	i	For The Ye	ar Ended
No	otes	31st March, 2023	31st December, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
INCOME						
Other Income	24 25	32,01,20,934 37,76,853	43,76,37,593 3,25,943	39,11,93,785 6,74,610	1,56,72,62,589 1,39,24,392	1,41,21,16,233 30,77,200
Total Revenue (I)		32,38,97,787	43,79,63,536	39,18,68,395	1,58,11,86,981	1,41,51,93,43
EXPENSES Cost of Goods Sold						
Cost of Raw Material Consumed	26	6,51,61,621	8,81,54,243	7,58,62,480	37,13,19,998	35,12,03,520
	26	15,54,97,280	27,81,80,217	22,55,47,502	97,25,83,105	81,38,05,980
Traded Goods and Sami Finished Goods	27	3,83,02,425	(87,99,321)	1,65,91,022	(4,03,08,674)	(3,67,40,826
Total Cost of Goods Sold		25,89,61,326	35,75,35,138	31,80,01,004	1,30,35,94,429	1,12,82,68,67
	28	3,91,47,338	3,53,33,031	5,50,41,890	13,95,62,095	12,73,46,493
	29 30	73,67,629	58,39,150	17,91,025	1,99,22,555	57,66,847
한다고 하는데 하는데 있다. 하나 이렇게 하는데 하는데 하나 하는데	31	83,23,103 4,61,48,914	82,65,166 5,48,78,827	48,73,558 4,73,45,686	2,86,62,301 19,41,84,859	1,72,09,23
Total Expenses (II)		35,99,48,310	46,18,51,312	42,70,53,163	1,68,59,26,240	15,51,14,54; 1,43,37,05,79;
Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items (I- Exceptional Items		(3,60,50,523)	(2,38,87,776)	(3,51,84,769)	(10,47,39,259)	(1,85,12,360
Profit / (Loss) before Tax Tax Expense		(3,60,50,523)	(2,38,87,776)	(3,51,84,769)	(10,47,39,259)	(1,85,12,360
Current Tax		-	-	(13,75,001)	-	
(Excess)/Short provision for earlier years Deferred Tax Loss/(Income)	- 11	(9,419)	-	177. 50. 10.11	(4,869)	
Total Tax Expense		(1,67,25,716) (1,67,35,135)	(67,77,899) (67,77,899)	(76,53,494) (90,28,495)	(2,65,21,348) (2,65,26,217)	(23,52,108
PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX		(1,93,15,388)	(1,71,09,877)	(2,61,56,274)	(7,82,13,042)	(1,61,60,252
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs. 10/- (Previous Year: Rs. 10/-)]	32	(50.55)	(68.45)	(68.45)	(204.68)	(42.29

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*The figure for the year ended are the audited figures

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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For DIWAN GOSALIA & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants. Firm Registration No.: 111881W

KALPESH GOSALIA Partner. Membership No.113582 Mumbai, Date:

2 MAY 2023

Sanjay Ragituraman Director DIN: 06539868

Date

Rupesh Babulal Jain Director

DIN: 05285555

Date

ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74900MH2010PTC211692 CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

		Year Ended	Year Ended
		31st March,	31st March,
		2023	2022
A.	Cash flow from operating activities:		
	Net (loss)/profit before tax but after exceptional/extraordinary items	(10,47,39,259)	(1,85,12,360
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	2,86,62,301	1,72,09,238
	Financial Cost	1,99,22,555	57,66,847
	Interest Income	(14,01,898)	(11,01,062
	Customer Credit balance Written off	(1,12,38,801)	
	Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	6,769	21,019
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(6,87,88,332)	33,83,681
	Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
	- (INCREASE)/DECREASE in Trade Receivables	(69,39,830)	(5,43,59,966
	- (INCREASE)/DECREASE in Inventories	(4,52,82,942)	(6,69,38,914
	- INCREASE/(DECREASE) in Trade Payables	(48,38,550)	47,01,944
	- INCREASE/(DECREASE) in Other Current Liabilities	(11,44,835)	5,43,22,106
	- INCREASE/(DECREASE) in Other Financial Liabilities	(11,11,000)	(59,93,326
	-(INCREASE)/DECREASE in Other Financial Assets	(54,83,815)	
	-(INCREASE)/DECREASE in Other Current Assets	(2,78,27,814)	(10,19,700
	-(INCREASE)/(DECREASE) in Provisions	41,67,926	(2,76,14,423
		41,07,920	21,34,907
	Cash Generated from Operations	(15,61,38,192)	(9,13,83,691
	Less: Income Tax Paid	(60,93,762)	(57,13,288
	Add: Income Tax Amount received	49,37,686	-
	Net cash flow from operating activities	(15,72,94,269)	(9,70,96,979
В.	Cash flow from Investing activities:		
	Capital Expenditure incurred for purchase of Property Plant and Equipment	(3,38,49,163)	(3,18,27,823
	Proceed from Sale of Fixed Assets	20,000	5,26,649
	Investment in Mutual Fund	(3,75,00,000)	(60,00,000
	Interest Income	12,39,261	11,01,062
	Net cash used in investing activities	(7,00,89,902)	(3,62,00,112
C.	Cash flow from financing activities:	(7,00,03,302)	[5,02,00,112
	Interest Paid	(94,49,014)	/20 7F 900
	Proceeds from Issue of Equity	(54,45,014)	(39,75,822
	(PY : Issue of Partly Paid up Equity Share Capital of Rs.328720 with Share Premium of		1,51,21,120
	Rs.14792400)		
	Proceeds from Deemed Equity Component of Compounding Financial Instruments	2 2 5	12,74,66,997
	(Preference Shares)	ATTACAS COMP. (M.S. ATTACAS CO. COMP.	
	Payment towards Lease Liability	(77,16,315)	
	Proceeds from Long Term and Short Term Borrowing (Net)	22,59,97,879	1,89,05,002
	Net cash used in financing activities	20,88,32,550	15,75,17,297
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(1,85,51,621)	2,42,20,206
	Opening Cash and cash equivalents	5,75,08,854	
	Closing Cash and cash equivalents		3,32,88,649
	Cash and cash equivalents	3,89,57,233	5,75,08,854
	Cash, Cheques & Drafts (in hand) and Remittances		
		14.44.44.1	
	in transit	1,38,282	1,16,824
	Balance with Scheduled Banks (Including Deposits) Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents.	3,88,18,951	5,73,92,030
		3,89,57,233	5,75,08,854

The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method setout in AS-3 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2 Figures in brackets indicate cash outgo. Notes :1

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3 Figures of previous year are regroup wherever necessary.

4 The above Cash Flow Statement has been compiled from and is based on the audited accounts of ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED. for the period ended 31st March 2023 reported upon by us.

For DIWAN GOSALIA & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants. Firm Registration No.: 111881W

KALPESH GOSALIA Partner.

Membership No.113582 Mumbai, Date:

2 MAY 2023

d on behalf of the Board of Directors OVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED

Sanjay

DIN: 06939868

Rupesh Babulal Jain Director DIN: 05285555



ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74900MH2010PTC211692 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Balance as at 1st April 2022	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to Prior Period Errors	Restate balance at the beginning of the current year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31st March 2023
38,21,30		38,21,300	-	38,21,300
Balance as at 1st April 2021	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to Prior Period Errors	Restate balance at the beginning of the previous year	Changes in equity share capital during the previous year	Balance as at 31st March 2022
) -			

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserves and	Surplus	Total
	mstruments	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1st April 2022	12,74,66,997	16,46,90,243	(10,02,65,538)	19,18,91,702
Total Comprehensive Income for the current year		180	(7,82,13,042)	(7,82,13,042
Balance as at 31st March 2023	12,74,66,997	16,46,90,243	(17,84,78,580)	11,36,78,660

	Equity component of	Reserves and	Surplus	
Particulers	compound financial instruments	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 1st April 2021				
Total Comprehensive Income for the		14,98,97,843	(8,41,05,286)	6,57,92,557
current year	12,74,66,997	1,47,92,400	(1,61,60,252)	12,60,99,145
Balance as at 31st March 2022	12,74,66,997	16,46,90,243	(10,02,65,538)	19,18,91,702

For DIWAN GOSALIA & ASSOCIATES, Chartered Accountants. Firm Registration No.: 111881W

KALPESH GOSALIA

Partner. Membership No.113582

Mumbai, Date:

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors for ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED

Sanjay Raghura Director DIN: 06539868

Rupesh Babulal Jain

Director DIN: 05285555

Date:



1. A. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Background of the Company:

Enovate Lifestyles Private Limited ('the Company') is a private limited company domiciled & headquartered in India. It is incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956. The company is the subsidiary of Kalyan Jewellers India Limited. The Company is involved in manufacturing and sale of Gold & Diamond Jewellery and accessories through e-commerce platform.

(b) Basis of Preparation:

The financial statements of the Company comply with all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

All assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis for the year.

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

(d) Property, Plant & Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition, including any attributable cost for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided on straight line method over the estimated useful life as determined by management which is in line with that prescribed under Schedule II of the Act. Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from the month on which asset is ready for use. The useful lives are reviewed by the management at each financial year-end and revised, if appropriate.

(e) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets comprises of website development, digital content & website infomedia and are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization/impairment loss. The assets are amortized on a straight line basis, over a period of 3 years.

(f) Inventories

Inventories which comprise of raw materials , traded goods, finished goods, semi finished goods and packing materials are carried at cost or Market Value whichever is lower

In determining the cost, actual cost is used.

(h) Foreign Currency Transactions :

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(i) Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is recognised when property in the goods or all significant risks and rewards of their ownership are transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from the sale of the goods and regarding its collection. The amount recognised as revenue is exclusive of goods and services tax (GST), and is net of returns, trade discounts and quantity discounts.

(j) Employee benefits

Provident Fund Scheme

The Company makes specified monthly contribution along with employees contribution towards Employee Provident Fund scheme.

Gratuity Scheme

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value. The calculation of the Company's obligation under plan is performed annually by a qualified independent.

(k) Fair Value measurement

Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.

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Provisions and contingent Liabilities

The Company recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made

A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation and the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

(m) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(n) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and balances with banks in Current Accounts. Cash equivalents are short term (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Income tax comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

Current Tax

Current Tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously. Significant judgments are involved in estimating budgeted profits for the purpose of paying advance tax, determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recorded for uncertain tax position.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognized in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits. The company assesses whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, it considers whether tax law restricts the source of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to reassess realization. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered. Any changes in future taxable income would impact the recoverability of deferred tax assets.

(o) Financial Instrument

As per Ind AS 32,

A financial instrument is an equity instrument rather than a financial liability if, and only if,

a) the instrument includes no contractual obligation:

i) to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or

ii) to exchange financial instruments under unfavourable conditions.

b) if it will be settled in the issuer's own equity instruments:

i) a non derivative without a contractual obligation to deliver a variable number of shares;

ii) a derivative that will be settled by exchanging a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number shares. Since both the above conditions are not met, the preference share is financial liability/financial asset.

Accounting treatment and disclosure as per IND AS 109

Accounting treatment and disclosure as per IND AS 109

According to Ind AS 109, a long-term loan or receivable that carries no interest should be recognised at fair value measured as the present value of all future cash receipts discounted using the prevailing market rate of interest for similar instrument (currency,term,debt instrument etc.) with a similar credit rating. Any amount lent/borrowed exceeding the fair value of the loan should be accounted for according to its substance under other applicable Ind AS (Para B5.1.1). The difference between the fair value of such loan and the proceeds should be recognised as an increase in an ivestment in subsidiary (in separate financial actions of the subsidiary). statements of the parent) and an equity contribution (in seperate finanacial statements of the subsidiary).

The company has recognized a right-of-use assets and a lease liability for the lease contracts entered into on or after 1st April 2022. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.





B Going Concern

Going Concern

The Company's networth is negative and it continue to incur losses this casts a significant uncertainty on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is in the process of expanding its presence offline stores significantly in the next two to three years, which in the opinion of the management will enable the Company to have profitability and to have a turnaround in near future. The Company has opened up two offline stores in the last financial year and the stores are performing well in terms of sales. Also The Company has received a letter of financial support from the holding Company to provide financial assistance as and when required for ongoing business and future business activity. The financial statements are prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that the Company will continue to receive the support of its holding company and that the realisation of the assets and settlement of liabilities will occur in the ordinary course of business.

C Corporate Gurantee

The company has given corporate gurantee given to M/sTata Capital Financial Services Limited on behalf of M/s Kalayan Jewellers Limited for the repayment of the loan amount availed by M/s Kalayan Jewellers Limited Rs 1500 Million to the extent of the amount invested Rs 37.5 Million mentioned in the Note 5 of the Financial Statement.







2. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT:

As at 31/03/2023

			GROSS BLOCK (A1 COST)	AI COSI)			DEPRE	DEPRECIATION		NE	NET BLOCK
		I	П	Ш	IV	Λ	IV	VII	VIII	ΙΧ	×
Sr.	Description of Assets	As at 1st	Additions	Deductions	As at 31st	As at 1st	Deductions/	Provided	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
No.		April,	during the	during the	March	April,	Adjustments	during the	March	March	March,
		2022	Period	Period	2023	2022		Period	2023	2023	2022
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
-	Tangible Assets : Computer	1,21,11,469	19,34,723		1,40,46,192	51,01,175		33,41,131	84,42,306	56,03,886	70,10,294
2	Office Equipments	42,85,323	32,37,355	3	75,22,678	17,99,654		9,13,373	27,13,027	48,09,651	24,85,670
3	Furniture and fixtures	39,23,304	45,67,332	ě.	84,90,636	12,78,363		7,23,611	20,01,974	64,88,662	26,44,941
4	Plant & Machinery	42,96,486	3,86,069	29,896	46,52,659	8,32,883	3,127	2,99,042	11,28,798	35,23,861	34,63,603
ro.	Electric Installation	8,92,119	14,65,907	i	23,58,026	1,45,374		1,66,375	3,11,749	20,46,277	7,46,745
9	Leasehold Improvements	12,92,379	65,80,430	298	78,72,809	2,36,618		7,69,209	10,05,827	68,66,982	10,55,761
7	Vehicles	1,98,200	57	Ü	1,98,200	16,515		39,640	56,155	1,42,045	1,81,685
	Total of Tangible Assets	2,69,99,280	1,81,71,815	29,896	4,51,41,200	94,10,581	3,127	62,52,381	1,56,59,835	2,94,81,364	1,75,88,699
1	Intangible Assets: Website	3,51,88,818	90,16,968		4,42,05,787	1,66,50,004		1,26,32,453	2,92,82,457	1,49,23,330	1,85,38,815
73	Digital Content & Website Infomedia	1,53,40,302	25,54,226	52	1,78,94,528	93,85,802	80	28,05,578	1,21,91,380	57,03,147	59,54,500
	Total of Intangible Assets	5,05,29,120	1,15,71,194	*	6,21,00,315	2,60,35,806		1,54,38,032	4,14,73,838	2,06,26,477	2,44,93,314
	TOTAL	7,75,28,400	2,97,43,010	29,896	10,72,41,514	3,54,46,387	3,127	2,16,90,412	5,71,33,673	5,01,07,841	4,20,82,013
	PREVIOUS YEAR: 31st March 2022	483,86,162	296,89,906	5,47,668	775,28,400	182,37,153	,22,115	172,31,352	354,46,387	420,82,013	

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As at 31/03/2023

			GROSS BLOCK (AT COST)	AT COST)			DEPRE	DEPRECIATION		NE	NET BLOCK
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Sr.	Description of Assets	As at 1st	Additions	Deductions	As at 31st	As at 1st	Deductions/	Provided	As at 31st	As at 31st	As at 31st
No.		April,	during the	during the	March	April,	Adjustments	during the	March	March,	March,
		2022	Period	Period	2023	2022	W 3	Period	2023	2023	2022
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
1	Capital Work in Progress	24,10,465	1,22,14,227	81,08,074	65,16,618	VX	4			65,16,618	24,10,465
	TOTAL	24,10,465	1,22,14,227	81,08,074	65,16,618					65,16,618	24,10,465
	PREVIOUS YEAR: 31st March 2022	2,72,548	24,10,464	2,72,547	24,10,465					24,10,465	

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As at 31/03/2022	
EQUIPMENT:	
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PROPERTY,	
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		-	п	Ш	W	^	VI	IIA	VIII	IX
7,2	Description of Assets	As at 1st	Additions	Deductions	As at 31st	As at 1st	Deductions/	Provided	As at 31st	As at 31st
No.	£8	April,	during the	during the	March,	April,	Adjustments	during the	March,	March,
		2021	Year	Year	2022	2021	12	Year	2022	2022
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
	Tangible Assets:									
	Computer	47,24,189	74,71,952	84,672	1,21,11,469	30,42,579	13,357	20,71,953	51,01,175	70,10,294
64	Office Equipments	23,94,282	22,49,838	3,58,796	42,85,323	13,00,359	5,980	5,05,275	17,99,654	24,85,670
63	Furniture and fixtures	25,88,585	13,34,719	8	39,23,304	9,32,203	6	3,46,160	12,78,363	26,44,941
4	Plant & Machinery	37,68,756	5,27,730		42,96,486	5,66,993	*6	2,65,890	8,32,883	34,63,603
22	Electric Installation	2,22,462	6,69,657		8,92,119	84,783	9	60,592	1,45,374	7,46,745
9	Leasehold Improvements	6,41,415	6,50,964	ij.	12,92,379	10,690	el .	2,25,928	2,36,618	10,55,761
7	Vehicles	Ж	2,02,400	4,200	1,98,200		30	16,515	16,515	1,81,685
	Total of Tangible Assets	1,43,39,688	1,31,07,260	4,47,668	2,69,99,280	59,37,607	19,337	34,92,311	94,10,581	1,75,88,699
	Intangible Assets:									
н	Website	2,13,48,272	1,38,40,546		3,51,88,818	64,86,088	r	1,01,63,916	1,66,50,004	1,85,38,815
64	Brand	1,26,98,202	27,42,100	1,00,000	1,53,40,302	58,13,458	2,778	35,75,122	93,85,802	59,54,500
	Total of Intangible Assets	3,40,46,474	1,65,82,646	1,00,000	5,05,29,120	1,22,99,545	2,778	1,37,39,041	2,60,35,806	2,44,93,314
	TOTAL	4 83 86 169	2.96.89.906	5.47.668	7.75.28.400	1.82.37.153	22.115	1.72.31.353	3.54.46.387	4.20.82.013

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		GROSS BLOCK (AT COST)	(AT COST)			DEPRE	DEPRECIATION		NET BLOCK
	1	п	Ш	IV	Λ	M	VII	VIII	IX
Description of Assets	As at 1st April, 2021 Rupees	Additions during the Year Rupecs	Deductions during the Year Rupees	As at 31st March, 2022 Rupees	As at 1st April, 2021 Rupees	Deductions/ Adjustments Rupees	Provided during the Year Rupces	As at 31st March, 2022 Rupecs	As at 31st March, 2022 Rupees
Capital Work in Progress	2,72,548	24,10,464	2,72,547	24,10,465	E	ă.	8		24,10,465
TOTAL	2,72,548	24,10,464	2,72,547	24,10,465		4			24,10,465



3A. Ageing of Capital Work In Progress

A) projects in progress

Particulars	As At	As At
	31st March,	31st March,
	2023 Rupees	2022 Rupees
	Kupees	Rupees
Capital Work In Progress		
Less than 1 Year	65,16,616	24,10,465
> 1 year & Less than 2 Year		
> 2 year & Less than 3 Year		
More Than 3 Years		*
Total	65,16,616	24,10,465
4. Right of Use Assets :	As At	As At
	31st March, 2023	31st March,
	Rupees	2022 Rupees
Right-of-use assets (ROU) at the beginning of the period as per Ind AS 116		
Add: Addition During the period on account of new leases	5,14,90,643	
Less: Amortised during the period	(69,71,889)	
Closing Balance	4,45,18,754	
eresting admitted	11101201101	
Note: The company has recognized a right-of-use assets and a lease		
liability from 1st April 2022 for the lease contracts entered into on		
or after 1st April 2022		
5. Investments :	As At	As At
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees
		-
Investments in Mutual Funds - Quoted		
HDFC Liquid Growth Fund	60,00,000	60,00,000
(Units as on 31/03/2023: 1472.616 having market value Rs 64,58,325)		
IDFC Mutual Fund Investment	3,75,00,000	
(Units as on 31/03/2023 : 786486.95 having market value Rs 3,78,87,829)		
The above investment is having 100% lien for the corporate gurantee given by the company to M/s Tata Capital Financial Services Limited for the repayment		
of the loan amount of Rs.150,00,00,000/- availed and or to be availed in		
future by M/s Kalayan Jewellers Limited from M/s Tata Capital Financial		
Services Limited to the extent of Rs 3,75,00,000/-		
¥II		
Total	4,35,00,000	60,00,000
6. Other Financial Asset	As At	As At
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees
Security Deposit	•	
Earmarked deposits with remaining maturity period greater than 12 months (As per	62,16,452	*
Ind AS 116)	40 14 4F0	
	62,16,452	
7. Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value) :	As At	As At
	31st March,	31st March,
	2023	2022
	Rupees	Rupees
Raw Materials	3,24,98,632	2,79,25,271
Packing Material	52,24,016	48,23,108
Semi-Finished Goods	2,17,84,192	3,59,85,039
Finished Goods	9,45,82,635	4,89,74,214
Traded Goods	6,29,07,410	5,40,06,310
Total	21,69,96,885	17,17,13,942





8. Trade Receivables :			As A	t		
			31st March	1, 2023		
E.	< 6 Months	6m to 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	7,80,43,120	1,69,00,049	20,66,822	3,28,182	(4)	9,73,38,174
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	*		5.00	**		-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	0	7-2	(4)	\$20	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-		(6)		
Less: Provision for doubtful debts						
Net Trade Receivables- Debit Balances	7,80,43,120	1,69,00,049	20,66,822	3,28,182		9,73,38,174

8. Trade Receivables :			As At 31st March			
	< 6 Months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	7,68,82,965	13,47,640	7,70,621	1,15,548	42,768	7,91,59,543
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	17.1		a		-	+)
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	4	-		
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	(#)	•	-	*	-	-
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	-	:=		+	-	
Net Trade Receivables- Debit Balances	7,68,82,965	13,47,640	7,70,621	1,15,548	42,768	7,91,59,543





ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74900MH2010PTC211692

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2022
Rupees	Rupees
1,38,282	1,16,824
1,78,18,951	2,84,92,030
2,10,00,000	2,89,00,000
3,89,57,233	5,75,08,854
As At	As At
31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Rupees	Rupees
	24.00.700
	24,09,700
18,39,700	24,09,700
Ac At	As At
	31st March,
2023	2022
Rupees	Rupees
59,03,314	40,02,905
5,67,48,090	2,77,60,361
12,18,800	29,54,539
15,26,644	28,51,230
2,96,16,594	2,96,16,594
9,50,13,443	6,71,85,629
	31st March, 2023 Rupees 1,38,282 1,78,18,951 2,10,00,000 3,89,57,233 As At 31st March, 2023 Rupees 18,39,700 18,39,700 As At 31st March, 2023 Rupees 59,03,314 5,67,48,090 12,18,800 15,26,644 2,96,16,594





As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2022
Rupees	Rupees
40,00,000	40,00,000
40,00,000	40,00,000
38,21,300	38,21,300
38,21,300	38,21,300
	31st March, 2023 Rupees 40,00,000 40,00,000 38,21,300

(a) Reconciliation of the Equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the Period $\,$

Particulars	As at 31st M	arch, 2023	As at 31st M	arch, 2022
	Nos.	Rupees	Nos.	Rupees
Equity Shares		- CANADANIA	U-Green Co.	
At the beginning of the Period				
$3,\!82,\!130$ Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up (Previous year : 349258 shares)	3,82,130	38,21,300	3,49,258	34,92,580
Issued during the Year -Nil (Previous year- Equity share of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs.450 per share on rights basis)		2	32,872	3,28,720
At the end of the Period				
3,82,130 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up (Previous year 3,82,130) share fully paidup)	3,82,130	38,21,300	3,82,130	38,21,300

Terms/ rights attached to Equity shares

As of 31st March, 2023 The Company has only one class of Equity Shares 3,82,130 Equity Shares of face value Rs.10 fully paid.

Each holder of fully paid equity share carries one vote and is entitled to dividend that may be recommended by the Board of Directors, which is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. Partly paid up equity shares shall not carry any voting rights till the same are fully paid up as provided in the Articles of Association of Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held and the paid up value of shares by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company (as per the register of members of the Company)

Name of the Equity Shareholder	As at 31st l	March, 2023	As at 31st N	larch, 2022
	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid				
Mr Rupesh Jain	57,320	15.00%	57,320	15.00%
Kalyan Jewellers India Ltd	3,24,810	85.00%	3,24,810	85.00%
Total Shareholding of The Company	3,82,130	100.00%	3,82,130	100.00%
Name of the Equity Shareholder	As at 31st	March, 2023	As at 31st M	March, 2022
	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid				
Name of The Promoter				
Mr Rupesh Jain				
Shares held at the begning of the Period	57,320	15.00%	24,448	7%
Shares held at the End of the period	57,320	15.00%	57,320	15.00%
Change in Shareholding percentage over opening holding	0.00%		134.46%	
Total Shareholding of The Company	3,82,130		3,82,130	





13. Other Equity

Other Equity (A + B + C)

hare Premium (Equity Shares)		
	As At 31st March, 2023 Rupees	As At 31st March, 2022 Rupees
Salance at the beginning of the period	16,46,90,243	14,98,97,843
dd: Nil (PY:Balance premium of Rs.450 per share on 32872 Equity Shares of Rs.10 ach)		1,47,92,400
salance at the end of the period	16,46,90,243	16,46,90,243
nvestment By Holding Company		
	As At 31st March, 2023 Rupees	As At 31st March, 2022 Rupees
Salance at the beginning of the period		
Deemed Equity Component of Compounding Financial Instruments (Preference Shares)	12,74,66,997	12,74,66,997
Salance at the end of the period	12,74,66,997	12,74,66,997
Note 1: During the Previous Year, the company issued 9,39,985 0.1% Non-Cumulative Non-Participating Redeemable Preference shares of Rs.10 each per share at the premium of Rs 190 per share Fully Paid up. The preference shares are redeemable at a maximum rate of Rs.200 per share at the end of ten years from the date of allotment. Accordingly the Net Present value of the redemption amount is considered as borrowing and the difference between Issue Price and borrowing amount is considered as Other Equity in the Company.		
Profit & Loss A/c		
	As At 31st March, 2023	As At 31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees
	(10,02,65,538)	(8,41,05,286
Balance at the beginning of the period		
Balance at the beginning of the period Profit / (Loss) for the period	(7,82,13,042)	(1,61,60,252



11,36,78,660



19,18,91,702

14. Borrowings

Total

		As At	As At
		31st March, 2023 Rupees	31st March, 2022 Rupees
	Long-term Borrowing		•
	Loan From Holding Company	21,75,00,000	
	Interest Payable on Maturity	84,97,879	٠
	Preference Shares - Non Cumulative Non Participating Redeemable	6,05,30,003	6,05,30,003
	Provision for Interest Payable on Redemption	92,69,549	17,91,024
8	Note 1: During the previous year, the company issued 9,39,985 0.1% Non-		
ill	Cumulative Non -Participating Redeemable Preference shares of Rs.10 each		
	per share at the premium of Rs 190 per share Fully Paid up. The preference		
3	shares are redeemable at a maximum rate of Rs.200 per share at the end of		
3	ten years from the issue date. Accordingly the Net Present Value of the		
6	redemption amount is considered as borrowing and the difference between		
	the Issue Price and borrowing amount (Rs. 6,05,30,003/-) is considered as		
8	Deemed Other Equity in the Company and the same has been shown in Other		
1	Equity. The company has recognised notional interest expenditure at 11%		
300	o.a. to be provided on YOY basis to match the value of Borrowing component		
13	with the Redemption Value at the end of 10th year, i.e. the date of		
	Redemption of Preference Shares.		

II Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company (as per the register of members of the Company) are as

Name of the Preference Shareholder	As at 31st	March, 2023	As at 31st March	, 2022	
	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	
0.1% Non-Cumulative Non -Participating Redeemable Preference shares of Rs. 10 each					
Kalyan Jewellers India Ltd	9,39,98	5 100%	9,39,985	100%	



29,57,97,431



15. Lease Liabilities :

10. Dease Diabilities .		
	As At	As At
	31st Mar, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	
	Rupees	Rupees
Opening Balance		2
Add: Addition during the period on accout of new lease	5,14,90,643	4
Add: Finance cost on lease liability	29,95,016	
Less: Lease Rent Expense	(77,16,315)	
Less: Current portion of lease liability	(89,31,265)	9
Closing Balance	3,78,38,079	
Note: The company has recognized a right-of-use assets and a lease liability from 1st April 2022 for the lease contracts entered into on or after 1st April 2022		
16. Provisions- Non Current :	As At	A- A-
	31st Mar.	As At
	2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees
Provision for Gratuity-Non Current	96,42,431	64,51,269
Total	96,42,431	64.51.269





17. Trade Payables : (Raw Material and Traded Goods)		3	As At 1st March, 2023	3	
PARTICULARS	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME		6 4	2		
Others	3,51,98,287	-			3,51,98,287
Disputed dues (MSMEs)			1.8		
Disputed dues (Others)					140
Total	3,51,98,287			*	3,51,98,287

17. Trade Payables : (Others)		3	As At 1st March, 2023	3	
PARTICULARS	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	1,00,11,943	-	7		1,00,11,943
Others	2,03,56,783	5,08,890			2,08,65,673
Disputed dues (MSMEs)					
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-			
Total	3,03,68,726	5,08,890			3,08,77,616
GRAND TOTAL	6,55,67,013	5,08,890			6,60,75,903

17. Trade Payables : (Raw Material and Traded Goods)		3	As At 1st March, 2022		
PARTICULARS	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	-	-		_	-
Others	3,79,07,758		-		3,79,07,758
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	200.00.00	-	21	2	
Disputed dues (Others)	-				-
Total	3,79,07,758	-	140	-	3,79,07,758

17. Trade Payables : (Others)		3	As At 11st March, 2022		
PARTICULARS	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	18,37,740				18,37,740
Others	3,11,63,892	543	5,061	-	3,11,68,953
Disputed dues (MSMEs)		(2)	-		
Disputed dues (Others)	×	-	-	*	-
Total	3,30,01,632	-	5,061	-	3,30,06,693
GRAND TOTAL	7,09,09,390	<u> </u>	5,061		7,09,14,451





18. Other Financial Liabilities - current: As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees Lease Liability 89,31,265 Total 89,31,265 19. Other Current Liabilities: As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees Advances from Customers 10,40,81,490 9,49,74,337 Statutory Liabilities 34,44,084 1,36,96,071 Total 10,75,25,573 10,86,70,408 20.Provisions-Current: As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees Provision for Gratuity-Current 3,14,165 2,27,401 Provision for Rate Difference (DGRP) 8,90,000 Total 12,04,165 2,27,401 21. Current tax liabilities (Net): As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees Income Tax (Net) 22. Current Tax Asset (Net) As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees Income Tax (Net) 60,93,762 49,32,816 60,93,762 49,32,816 23. Deferred Tax Assets As At As At 31st Mar, 2023 31st March, 2022 Rupees Rupees 28,98,525 17,36,454 Employee Benefit Obligations

Property, Plant and Equipment

Time Difference on account of carry forward business loss



28,91,010

3,16,26,410

3,74,15,945



15,01,408

76,56,734

1,08,94,596

24. Revenue from Operations :	F	or The Quarter Ended		For The Year Ended		
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st Mar, 2023	31st March,	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	2022 Rupees	
7	Nupces	Rupeca	Kupces	Kupees	Kupees	
Revenue from Operations Revenue from sale of goods						
Other Operating Revenue	31,89,53,851 11,67,083	43,62,32,339	38,91,75,999	1,56,16,80,569	1,40,47,86,221	
Revenue from Operations	32,01,20,934	14,05,254 43,76,37,593	20,17,786	55,82,020 1,56,72,62,589	73,30,011	
					2) / 2 2 2 2 0 2 0 0	
25. Other Income :	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st Mar, 2023	31st March,	
			0.100 11111/011, 2022	ozocinal, zozo	2022	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Interest Income	5,22,199	2,13,428	3,93,805	14,01,898	11,01,062	
Customer Credit Balance W/off	26,22,366	(2,83,586)	0.00 AT . OT A OT . OT . OT . OT . OT . OT .	1,12,38,801	*******	
Other Income	6,32,288	3,96,101	2,80,805	12,83,693	19,76,138	
Total	37,76,853	3,25,943	6,74,610	1,39,24,392	30,77,200	
26. Cost of Raw Material Consumed						
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st Mar, 2023	31st March, 2022	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Opening Stock of Raw Material	63,06,386	53,35,758	2,47,07,297	2,79,25,271	13,07,715	
Add: Purchase of Raw Material	8,41,25,163	8,02,81,893	6,84,86,233	34,46,22,442	34,19,19,020	
Add: Manufacturing Expense	72,28,704	88,42,978	1,05,94,221	3,12,70,916	3,59,02,056	
Closing Stock of Raw Material	3,24,98,632	63,06,386	2,79,25,271	3,24,98,632	2,79,25,271	
Total Cost of Raw Material Consumed	6,51,61,621	8,81,54,243	7,58,62,480	37,13,19,998	35,12,03,520	
Purchase of Traded Goods	15,54,97,280	27,81,80,217	22,55,47,502	97,25,83,105	81,38,05,980	
27. (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories:						
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st Mar, 2023	31st March, 2022	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Inventories at the beginning of the period						
Finished Stocks	8,69,55,630	8,60,82,353	6,75,20,897	4,89,74,214	3,33,92,240	
Semi Finished Stock	4,10,35,659	3,93,69,146	2,83,38,453	3,59,85,039	2,90,29,660	
Traded Goods	8,95,85,373	8,33,25,842	5,96,97,235	5,40,06,310	3,98,02,837	
	21,75,76,662	20,87,77,341	15,55,56,585	13,89,65,563	10,22,24,737	
Inventories at the end of the period						
Finished Stocks	9,45,82,635	8,69,55,630	4,89,74,214	9,45,82,635	4,89,74,214	
Semi Finished Stock	2,17,84,192	4,10,35,659	3,59,85,039	2,17,84,192	3,59,85,039	
Traded Goods	6,29,07,410	8,95,85,373	5,40,06,310	6,29,07,410	5,40,06,310	
	17,92,74,237	21,75,76,662	13,89,65,563	17,92,74,237	13,89,65,563	
(Increase)/Decrease	3,83,02,425	(87,99,321)	1,65,91,022	(4,03,08,674)	(3,67,40,826	
28. Employee Benefits Expense:						
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st Mar, 2023	31st March, 2022	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Salaries, Wages, Bonus and other Benefits	2,88,15,848	2,85,04,132	2,35,00,370	10,87,93,416	7,81,73,31	
Contribution to Provident Fund and ESIC	9,31,447	7,94,931	6,13,901	28,21,448	20,71,44	
Staff Welfare Expenses	14,66,438	11,88,368	13,72,953	53,17,350	48,83,56	
Leave Salary	1,50,000		VEV/2017	6,00,000	220-72-44	
Gratuity	16,93,604	8,00,000	2,48,617	38,05,281	24,18,17	
Directors Remuneration	60,90,000	40,45,600	2,93,06,049	1,82,24,600	3,98,00,00	
Total	3,91,47,338	3,53,33,031	5,50,41,890	13,95,62,095	12,73,46,493	





29. Finance Costs :	For T	he Quarter Ende	d	For The Year Ended	
	31st Mar, 2023 Rupees	31st Dec, 2022 Rupees	31st March, 2022 Rupees	31st March, 2023 Rupees	31st March, 2022
Interest on Borrowings Interest on Lease Liability Other Finance Cost	62,51,667 11,15,962	46,73,017 11,66,133	17,91,025	1,69,20,613 29,95,016 6,926	57,66,847
Total	73,67,629	58,39,150	17,91,025	1,99,22,555	57,66,847
30. Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses :					
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Depreciation on Property Plant & Equipment Amortisation Of Intangible Assets Depreciation on Rights of Use Assets	15,96,640 40,02,585 27,23,878	16,21,329 39,09,411 27,34,427	10,68,790 38,04,768 -	62,52,381 1,54,38,032 69,71,889	34,72,974 1,37,36,263
Total	83,23,103	82,65,166	48,73,558	2,86,62,301	1,72,09,238
31. Other Expenses :					
	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Advertisement Expenses	2,43,69,026	2,65,40,650	2,54,08,280	9,99,89,600	7,24,76,336
Travelling and Conveyance	3,30,335	6,17,941	1,85,302	14,17,821	6,52,205
Rent Rates and Taxes	18,36,796	20,27,513	28,41,949	78,02,451	87,50,612
Legal and Professional Charges	4,08,732	6,95,190	7,24,871	25,53,070	27,58,459
Insurance Charges	4,68,107	5,97,956	4,45,225	21,35,891	14,23,925
Repair and Maintenance	3,84,320	3,57,370	1,39,215	11,16,684	8,29,630
Office Expenses	8,01,649	10,73,582	5,11,183	31,20,689	16,32,962
Commission Expenses	50,28,651	92,99,453	70,15,591	2,85,81,099	2,84,85,207
Postage & Courier Expenses	28,69,312	33,18,964	26,87,666	1,22,81,171	93,39,690
Payment to Auditor (Refer details below)	3,72,000	-	1,75,000	11,90,500	8,69,500
Telephone Expenses	4,07,590	3,30,503	3,36,060	14,91,795	10,02,24
Printing and Stationery	1,43,567	1,11,904	1,63,542	5,75,412	5,40,935
Electricity Charges	10,51,599	11,74,166	6,34,515	38,02,512	20,50,967
Miscellaneous Expenses	10,93,424	4,76,171	2,42,027	18,99,257	4,44,366
Recruitment Charges	4,70,782	2,39,624	5,20,305	15,39,056	14,77,708
Packing Materials Consumed Bad Debts	16,43,887	21,19,813	15,30,844	85,67,109	52,78,433
	0.01.011	16,25,316	10.50.005	16,25,316	59,325
Sales Promotion Expenses Brand - Tech - Website Expenses	8,01,011	3,81,113	10,62,005	21,25,314	27,62,022
Server & Storage Expenses	24 14 210	-	65,002		40,05,139
Bank Charges	34,14,319 2,53,806	36,90,438 2,01,160	24,75,420 1,81,685	1,17,69,124 6,00,989	97,04,240 5,70,642
Total	4,61,48,914	5,48,78,827	4,73,45,686	19,41,84,859	15,51,14,542
Payment to Auditor :				/	
	31st Mar-23, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
As Auditor: Audit Fees In other capacity:	95,000		37,500	5,32,500	2,75,000
Taxation & Other Fees	2,77,000	36,000	1,37,500	6,58,000	5,94,500
Total	3,72,000	36,000	1,75,000	11,90,500	8,69,500
-5-5555	3,72,000	00,000	2170,000	22,50,000	0,05,000





32. Earnings Per Share (EPS):

The following reflects the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders- basic and diluted EPS :

	For The Quarter Ended	For The Quarter Ended	For The Quarter Ended	For The Year Ended	For The Year Ended
- ",	31st Mar, 2023	31st Dec, 2022	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(1,93,15,388)	(1,71,09,877)	(2,61,56,274)	(7,82,13,042)	(1,61,60,252)
Net Profit for calculation of Basic / Diluted EPS	(1,93,15,388)	(1,71,09,877)	(2,61,56,274)	(7,82,13,042)	(1,61,60,252)
	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
No of Equity Shares at the Period end	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding Effect of Dilution	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130
Weighted average number of Equity Shares in calculating diluted EPS	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130	3,82,130
Basic Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs.10/- Previous Year: Rs. 10/-)]	(50.55)	(44.78)	(68.45)	(204.68)	(42.29)
Diluted Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs.10/- Previous Year: Rs. 10/-)]	(50.55)	(44.78)	(68.45)	(204.68)	(42.29)
33. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (to the extent not provided for):	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022			

1,00,00,000

Rupees

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for.

34. Related Party Disclosures
(a) Names of related parties and related party relationships:

Key Management Personnel and their Relatives: Key Management Personnel: Mr Rupesh Jain Mr Sanjay Raghuraman Mr Arun Sankar

2. Enterprises over which key Management Personnel and their relatives have significant influence:

Kalyan Jewellers Private Limited

(b) Transactions with Key Management Personnel and their Relatives :

Nature of Transactions	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Rupees	Rupees
I) Transactions during the period		
1. Loans Taken		
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	21,75,00,000	4,56,00,000
Rupesh Jain	1,15,00,000	
2. Loans Repayment		
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	-	8,72,25,000
Rupesh Jain	1,15,00,000	*
3. Expenditure		
Interest		
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	94,42,088	39,75,823
4. Purchases (excl GST)		
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	33,24,42,102	19,79,84,50
Rupesh Jain		6,62,393
5. Reimbursement of Expenses/ Consultancy Charges		





Nature of Transactions	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022	
	Rupees	Rupees	
Rupesh Jain	4,84,024	30,93,016	
Vandana Jain	50,000	-	
5. Staff cost Incurred			
Rupesh Jain	•	32,591	
7. Director Remuneration			
Rupesh Jain	1,82,24,600	3,98,00,000	
8. Sales & Service (Excl GST)			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	6,00,000	9,25,174	
Rupesh Jain	38,023	75,096	
9. Purchase of Property/Vehicle/Capital Asset			
Rupesh Jain		15,09,784	
10. Subscription of Equity Shares on Rights Basis			
Rupesh Jain	8.8	1,51,21,120	
11. Subscription of Preferance Shares on Rights Basis			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited		18,79,97,000	
II) Details of balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date			
12. Loan Oustanding			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	27,80,30,003	6,05,30,003	
13. Trade Payable			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	1,20,38,515	93,98,907	
Rupesh Jain	1,74,694	1,22,186	
14. Interest Accrued & Due on Borrowing			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	84,97,879	-	
15. Trade Receivables			
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	1,18,000	59,000	
16. Investment by Holding Co.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Kalyan Jewellers India Limited	28,00,57,917	46,29,66,997	

In previous Year the amount was including the amount paid by KJIL to Promoter and Investor Rs 18,29,09,080/- on acquisition of Enovate Shares. However such amount was not received to Enovate. So the amount has been excluded in Current Year





33. Ratio Analysis				
Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022	%Change	Remarks
Current Ratio	2.48	2.13	16.61%	
Debt to Equity Ratio	4.49	1.27	253.13%	The Company has raised long term debts from its parent Company which has led to higher debt equity ratio. The funds have been raised to meet its operating costs which has risen due to higher online marketing costs post covid.
				nigher online marketing costs post covid.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-1.49	1.19	-225.41%	The Gross profits of the Company has declined during the current financial year, however the Company is expanding its footprints in offline stores where the marging are comparatively higher and marketing costs are also lower as compared to online marketing costs. The double benefits of higher margins and lower makrketing costs should help Company to serve its debt.
Return on Equity	-0.67	-0.08	706.14%	The Company is expandings its offline store business and is hopeful to improve its bottomline. The offline business will help the Copany in achieving higher gross margins.
Inventory Turnover Ratio	6.71	8.16	-17.82%	
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	17.76	27.17	-34.63%	The Company has migrated its ecommerce platform from Magento1 to Magento2 which required a lot of software updates on the site. Magento migration is completed and website performance is far better and we are hopeful of increased order inflows in the next financial year.
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	36.28	24.64	47.26%	The Company has been continously introducing new product designs to cater the needs of the customers. To meet the ever changings demand of the customers. This has led to increased purchases. With introduction of the offline stores business, we hope to improve our sales and margins.
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	5.80	6.97	-16.73%	
Net Profit Ratio	-4.99	-1.14	336.07%	Post Covid, the marketing costs and the people cots have increased. The online marketing rates have more than doubled as more and more players are foraying into online business resulting in increased online marketing costs. We hope to improve the overall performance of the Company by adopting a host of measures such as inventory level optimistaion, introduction of new product lines with goods margins, opening up of new stores and cost optimisation. Store expansion project will yield benefits impacting the overall business positively





-0.05

0.02

281.97%

Overall the increase in marketing costs and reduced turnover due to migration of into Magento 2 have resulted in margins. We have opened two offiline stores during the current year and plan to open more stores in the years to come. With focused conversion rate improvement, cost optimisation, margin enhancement strategy is being worked upon and should yield better profitabilty in the next year.

Return on Investment

0.02

2.37%

34. Additional Regulatory Information Required By Schedule III

- (i) All the Title Deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- (ii) The Company has not revalued its Property Plant and Equipments during the year.
- (iii) Details of benami property held;

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formally the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder.

The Company does not have any borrowing from the financial institution

(v) Wilful defaulter;

The Company have not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(vi) Relationship with struck off companies;

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956,

(vii) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

(viii) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements;

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(ix) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium:

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries)

(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

(x) Undisclosed income;

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account

(xi) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency;

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

- (xii) The borrowings obtained by the Company from banks and financial institutions, have been applied for the purpose for which such loans were taken.
- (xiii) There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the satisfactory period.

34. Details of Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the the MSMED Act, 2006:

ALIA & ASS

MUMBAI

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Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterpreises Development Act, 2006 are provided in Note 17 to the extent the Company has received intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Act.

35. Previous Period/Year Figures:

Previous Period/Year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary to conform to this year's classification.

For DIWAN GOSALIA & ASSOCIATES,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 111881W

KALPESH GOSALIA

Partner.

Membership No.113582

Mumbai,

Date:

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors for ENOVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITE OVATE LIFESTYLES PRIVATE LIMITED

Directo

DIN: 06539868

Date:

Rupesh Babulal Jain

Director

DIN: 05285555

Date:

1 2 MAY 2023

